

of their rulers. But praying in every Holy to the Prince of Peace, His spirit upon the is Power, calm the men. People talk on for years; some trying it on until their their knees. They must insolent spirit which is christian religion. God m we are responsible, n-baffle or defeat the ence. But out of the ray of light appears the sympathy and pity to the poor refugees from that some of them are am glad of it, and I you, rich and poor, undone to make us, if not happy e—at least tolerable, kindness to draw the We knew that eating litter as salt, and there an going up and down brotherly love can do gs of their pains, and I am true spirit of Christian your best to cheer and gians when they come en they return to their they will soon, they will a kindly feeling towards applause). Secretary's reports were f thanks were passed to valuable services. posed, and Mr. Lynch nks to his Lordship for arried with acclamation.

## Limerick Blaze RATHKEALE

### Big Conflagration

#### THE DAMAGE DONE

ing a report reached Lime- re had broken out at the Mr. O'Grady, Rathkeale. been discovered about 7 alarming rapidity and n adjoining houses. A ag workers assembled on efforts to extinguish the g owing to the difficulty nt supply of water. The a was caused as the fire e and intensity, and the at were directed to con- ne premises in which they y this course was success- ptain Sheehan of the City d the following wire:— gade—Come at once to at O'Grady's, coal and oil street.—O'Grady." This a message to the Brigade P.O. to go to Rathkeale Sheehan had the Brigade for the journey, but subse- ceived a phone message would not be required. result, did not travel. ard work the townspeople, he local police, succeeded gration under control, but le damage was done. The e used for the sale of hard- ere the property of the O'Grady, and were being r and Mr J M'Elligott, M'Elligott closed the shop and when he arrived on g he found that a fire had the stock and shop were . The premises were en- hole stock being burned r the prompt action of the police, the fire might have

#### ANOS.

on-made, Iron Frame, 10 m £17 10s cash, or from om the Sole Agents, COLE, d., Limerick.

Clerk—Under that decision the Farmers' Association could turn around and prosecute. Anyone could do it, it says.

Mr. Reid, D.L.—But it might have been overruled.

Sergeant Quirke—The Farmers' Association would not do it, I understand. There was an amendment to that resolution that themselves would ask the people to go into the Green.

Dr. M'Namara said the magistrates were willing to help the Farmers' Association by every means in their power, provided they took proceedings against the people who obstructed.

Mr. Roche asked could the police ask the people to take the cattle to the Green.

Dr. M'Namara—The exception is "fair days."

Clerk—And there is no place appointed for the fair. There is a patent for four days in the year.

Dr. M'Namara—To be held on the Fair Green?

Clerk—For the streets, the same as Charleville as well as I know.

Mr. Roche—But this (legal opinion) says it is illegal to hold them on the streets.

The Clerk—He grounded his opinion on what Mr. Weldon said.

Mr. M'Namara—I suppose Mr. Power won't throw any light on it?

Mr. Power, solicitor—I think there seems to be some hope of a settlement between the contending parties.

Dr. M'Namara—Are the original patent fairs held.

The Clerk—Mr. Power's clients say they are not held on those days.

Mr. Power—I understand there is no fair held on the day for which the patent states.

Dr. M'Namara—Then I don't see why we can't direct the constabulary.

The Clerk—As long as there is a free passage I don't think the constabulary will interfere or that they can.

Dr. M'Namara asked if the fairs were held on days other than those named in the patent would the police act.

Mr. Reid, D.L.—We can't say it is not a fair day—it is a fair—the fair is being held.

Dr. M'Namara—There is no fair legally held except that on which the patent directs.

Mr. Reid—They ought to take it to the High Courts.

Mr. Power—There is a possibility of a settlement. It is a sad thing that some settlement is not arrived at. If the fairs and markets go down the town will go down with them.

Mr. Reid—It would be better that the people settled it.

Mr. Roche said they ought to recommend the farmers to take the cattle into the fair Green. Since the dispute arose the fairs were dwindling, which was a great loss to the farmers.

The Clerk—That is why the Farmers' Association sent the letter here.

Ultimately a resolution was adopted expressing the opinion that the holding of fairs on the streets is a danger to the public health by polluting the wells of the town, and if aggrieved persons would prosecute, the magistrates would give every assistance compatible with their position as such towards the abatement of this public nuisance.

## Concert at Tervoe

A grand concert and dramatic entertainment was held on Sunday at the Hall, Tervoe, in aid of the Belgian Refugee Fund, under the auspices of Lord and Lady Emily. An overflowing audience patronised the entertainment, the programme of which was carried out in a faultless manner. The ladies who took part were—Miss O'Dowd, Miss Bessie O'Dowd, Miss Mulqueen, Miss Sutton, Miss Collins, Miss Collopy. Mr P Hayes, Mr J F Guinane, and Mr. Humphries also took part. The accompaniments were rendered by Miss B O'Dowd, while Mr Joe Mulqueen discharged the duties of master of ceremonies.

## ARMY COMMISSIONS

FOR MR. STEPHEN GWYNN AND MR. T. M. KETTLE

The London correspondent of the *Freeman's Journal* says:—I understand that Mr. Stephen Gwynn, M.P., and Professor T. M. Kettle have applied for, and have received, commissions in the army.

by the committee.

It was decided to leave the post open for the present, and readvertise in May next as there were no girls qualified at present.

#### SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

The Department reported that the pupils from the county at the Dundrum School of Domestic Economy had made satisfactory progress during the last session.

The report was considered satisfactory.

#### GAELIC ROOMS.

The Ennis Gaelic League wrote asking for the use of two rooms in the premises acquired by the committee in the town in which to hold their Irish classes.

It was decided to let the two rooms at a rent of £3 per annum.

#### DISALLOWED GRANTS.

The Sisters of Mercy, Kilrush, wrote stating that the Department had disallowed Capitation Grants for thirteen pupils attending their classes in domestic economy, laundry and needlework. They requested the Committee to ask the Department to sanction the grant.

On the motion of Mr. Mescal, seconded by Rev. D. O'Dea, Adm., the following resolution was adopted:—"The Superioress of the Kilrush Convent, having represented to us that the Department have disallowed fees for 13 pupils attending the laundry classes, on the score of insufficient attendance, and she having at the same time shown that the requisite number of attendances were really made, but that through an oversight they were not properly marked, we are of opinion that fees should be paid, and we appeal to the Department to do so."

## MARKET INTELLIGENCE

### LIMERICK MARKETS—NOVEMBER 11.

BREADSTUFFS—"R. Patents," 40s 6d per sack; Bakers Patents, 41s 0d per sack; "Whites," 38s per sack; Specials, 39s per sack; Wholemeal, 38s 0d per sack; Oatmeal, 41s 0d per sack; Oatmeal Flake, 19s 0d per cwt; Flake Bran, £3 15s per ton; W. Bran, £7 15s per ton; Red Bran, £6 15s per ton; Pollard, £8 10s per ton; Sharps, —s per ton; Indian Meal (coarse), £7 16s per ton; do (fine), £8 per ton; Barley Meal, £9 0s per ton.

HAY AND STRAW—There were 17 loads of hay, and 3 loads of oaten straw in market. Rye hay, 7s 0d to 80s 0d per ton; upland, 6s 10d to 70s 0d per ton; corcass, 48s 0d to 55s 0d per ton; oaten straw, 55s 0d to 60s 0d per ton.

CORN—There were 424 barrels of oats in market. White oats, from 12½d to 13d per stone; black oats, from 11½d to 12d per stone.

FISH—Whiting, 6d per lb; herrings, 1s per doz; codfish, 8d per lb; haddock, 6d per lb; finneys, 6d per lb; hake, 8d per lb; ling, 6d per lb; sole, 1s 6d per lb; plaice, 8d per lb; turbot, 1s 8d per lb; halibut, 1s per lb; lemon sole, 10d per lb; brill, 1s per lb; whitebait, 6d per lb; lobsters, 6d per lb.

MEAT—Roasting beef, 10d per lb; steaks and chops, 10d per lb; hind quarters of mutton, 9d per lb; fore quarters of mutton, 7d per lb; boiling beef, 7d per lb; corning beef, 7d per lb; soup beef, 6d per lb.

POTATOES—50 loads; 4½d to 6½d per stone.

TURNIPS—21s 0d to 25s per ton.

EGGS—Hen eggs, 1s 8d to 1s 10d per dozen; duck eggs, 1s 8d to 1s 10d per doz.

FRUIT—Baking apples, 1s 6d to 2s 6d per basket; eating apples, 1s 6d to 3s 0d per basket.

FOWL—Chickens from 2s 6d to 4s 0d per pair. Young ducks, 2s 6d to 3s 0d per pair. Geese, 4s 0d to 6s 0d per pair. Turkeys, 10s 0d to 16s 0d per pair.

AMERICAN BACON—Short rib middles, 80s to —s per cwt; short rib backs, 78s to 80s per cwt; long clear middles, 75s per cwt; clear backs, 64s to 73s per cwt.

THE PIG MARKET—This day's prices—Suitable pigs, 1cwt 1qr 0lb to 1cwt 2qrs 7lb, 57s per cwt; stout, 1cwt 2qrs 8lb to 1cwt 3qrs 0lb, 56s per cwt; overweight, 1cwt 3qrs 1lb to 1cwt 3qrs 14lb, 54s per cwt; heavy overweight, over 1cwt 3qrs 14lb, 50s per cwt; heavy overweight, 2cwt 0qrs 0lbs, —s per cwt; Berwicks (about 8st), 56s per cwt; "sixes" (bacon pigs under 10 stone), 57s per cwt.

#### DEATH.

MCDONAGH—On November 10th, 1914, at Foynes, Stephen McDonagh, C.P.S. and Harbour Master.—R.I.P. Funeral from Foynes R. C. Church on to-morrow (Thursday) for Castletown Churchyard.